

## HIGHLY SPHERICAL – PORE FREE METAL POWDER

High-quality powder for additive manufacturing and more ...



| Material class   | Name                          | Alt. Name              | Material characteristics                                                                                                                                                          |
|------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Copper alloys    | <b><u>MET Cu-OF</u></b>       | C10200/CW008A/2.0040   | High purity oxygen-free copper with the highest thermal and electrical conductivity (>99,9% Cu).                                                                                  |
|                  | <b><u>MET CuNi2SiCr</u></b>   | C18000/CW111C/2.0855   | Thermally curable low-alloyed copper alloy; higher strength and hardness but slightly decreased thermal and electrical conductivity compared to CuCr1Zr.                          |
|                  | <b><u>MET CuCr1Zr</u></b>     | C18150/CW106C/2.1293   | Hardenable copper alloy, combining high strength and hardness with good thermal and electrical conductivity.                                                                      |
|                  | <b><u>MET GRCop-42</u></b>    | GRCop-42/Cu2Cr4Nb      | Dispersion-strengthened copper alloy with high strength, good conductivity, and resistivity against low cycle fatigue.                                                            |
| Stainless Steels | <b><u>MET 1.4306</u></b>      | 304L                   | Austenitic chromium-nickel steel with a low carbon content (<0,030%); higher content of chromium and nickel results in increased corrosion resistance than 1.4301 or 1.4307.      |
|                  | <b><u>MET 1.4404</u></b>      | 316L                   | Austenitic chromium-nickel-molybdenum steel with a low carbon content (<0,030%); good resistance to chloric media and non-oxidizing acids.                                        |
|                  | <b><u>MET 1.4435</u></b>      | 316L                   | Austenitic chromium-nickel-molybdenum steel with a low carbon content; good resistance to chloric media and non-oxidizing acids.                                                  |
| Nickel Alloys    | <b><u>MET Ni</u></b>          | Nickel/Pure Nickel     | Highly electrical and thermal conductible material, is employed in extensive corrosive environments.                                                                              |
|                  | <b><u>MET Alloy K500</u></b>  | 2.4375/N05500/NiCu30Al | High strength and hardness nickel-copper alloy with excellent corrosion resistance, suitable for marine technology and chemistry.                                                 |
|                  | <b><u>MET IN718</u></b>       | 2.4668/Inconel 718     | Nickel-chromium-iron alloy with niobium, molybdenum, aluminium, and titanium, leading to outstanding mechanical properties and corrosion resistance.                              |
|                  | <b><u>MET IN625</u></b>       | 2.4856/Inconel 625     | Low carbon nickel-chromium-molybdenum-niobium alloy enabling service temperatures from cryogenic to 982°C and outstanding corrosion resistance                                    |
| Titanium Alloys  | <b><u>MET Ti Grade 5</u></b>  | Ti6Al4V/Ti64           | Age hardenable titanium-aluminium-vanadium alloy offering an excellent combination of strength, toughness, and ductility with good biocompatibility                               |
|                  | <b><u>MET Ti Grade 23</u></b> | Ti6Al4V ELI/Ti64 ELI   | "Extra low interstitials" by reduced oxygen and nitrogen content, used for medical and aerospace applications                                                                     |
|                  | <b><u>MET Ti Grade 2</u></b>  | Pure Ti / CP Ti        | Pure titanium with excellent biocompatibility and a favourable strength to density ratio for high mechanical performance.                                                         |
| Molybdenum       | <b><u>MET Mo</u></b>          | Mo99%                  | High melting temperature and low thermal expansion coefficient enable operational temperatures up to 1900°C                                                                       |
| Niobium          | <b><u>MET Nb</u></b>          | Nb99,8%                | For high-temperature applications exceeding 1200°C and the biomedical field due to its high melting point (2468 °C), with outstanding osteogenic properties and low cytotoxicity. |

### Other materials on request

According to your needs, any metal or alloy can be atomized with our proprietary process. All products can be produced in narrow particle size distributions (PSD), as shown below; other PSDs are available on request.

| PSD [µm]        | d10 <sub>min</sub> [µm] | d90 <sub>max</sub> [µm] | Technology                             |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <b>5 - 20</b>   | 4                       | 22                      | Metal Injection Moulding               |
| <b>15 - 45</b>  | 10                      | 48                      | Binder Jetting/Laser Powder Bed Fusion |
| <b>20 - 63</b>  | 18                      | 66                      | Laser Powder Bed Fusion                |
| <b>45 - 116</b> | 40                      | 118                     | Electron Beam Powder Bed Fusion/DED    |
| <b>50 - 150</b> | 58                      | 133                     | Directed Energy Deposition             |



## COMMISSION PROCESSING

**Metalpine GmbH is your service partner for the high-quality production of spherical metal powders and related preparation processes.**

### Powder production



We developed a unique powder production process to provide perfect spherical powders (patent pending). Any metal or alloy can be atomized according to your needs. Our processes are run with Argon 5.0 as atomization gas in a dust-free production environment to guarantee maximum product quality. All subsequent processes (production, classifying, screening, packaging) can be done under Argon atmosphere to ensure an oxygen-free production line.

### Backup powder production and R&D plant

Supplementary to our production site in Graz, we have a second production line in Niklasdorf, Austria. The secondary plant is mainly dedicated to R&D but is available as a backup production line to increase flexibility for our customers.

### Powder screening

We can screen your powder with various screening technologies at grain sizes ranging from 10 to 1000 microns.

### Powder classifying

Our state-of-the-art classifiers can provide narrow particle size distributions, produce ultrafine powders, or remove dust from your powders.

### Pore Free & highly spherical

"Pore Free" is defined with 0% pores and with "highly spherical" we understand a sphericity >0,9.

### Packaging

With our 17 Sustainable Development Goals in mind, we try to reduce the amount of waste by offering different packaging than commonly used white bottles, which are thrown away after usage. Of course, we pack the powders according to our customer's needs and help to manage transport organization.

### Laboratory Services

Our in-house laboratory measures particle size distributions with laser light scattering (ISO 13320) and digital image processing (ISO 13322-2). Additionally, we offer tap density measurements (ISO3953, ASTM B527) and flowability measurements by Hall Flow Meter (ISO 4490, ASTM B213). For more complex flowability problems, Schulze Ring Shear tests can be conducted by our university partners, and additionally, we offer analysis of our products in collaboration with certified laboratories.

### Certification

Quality Management System according to **ISO 9001**

Aerospace accreditation **EN9100**

### Comment for additional note

#### "Medical" Note 1:

This powder has not been developed, tested, or certified as a medical device according to Directive 93/42/EEC (MDD) or Regulation (EU) 2017/745 (MDR). It is not intended as a medical device, particularly for the purposes specified in Art. 2 No. 1 MDR. Insofar as you intend to use the powder as raw material for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products or medical devices (e.g., as raw material, which as material must meet the requirements of Annex 1, Chapter II MDR), the responsibility and liability for all analyses, tests, evaluations, procedures, risk assessments, conformity assessments, approval, and certification procedures as well as for all other official and regulatory measures required for this purpose shall lie solely with you both concerning the pharmaceutical product and/or medical device manufactured by you and about the properties, suitability, testing, evaluation, risk assessment, other requirements for the use of the powder as raw material. In this respect, the limitations of liability under our General Terms and Conditions and the system sales or material contracts shall apply.

#### "Dual Use" Note 2:

These goods are subject to the European or Austrian export license requirement when exported from the EU. Please note that a licensing requirement may also result from the final destination and the intended use of the goods (**dual use**).

## Please send us your request

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go to Website:



## Nickel based: MET IN718

Alternative designation: 2.4668 / Inconel 718

[overview - product table](#)

### Description and general material properties

MET Inconel 718 is a high-strength, corrosion-resistant nickel chromium material used in a wide temperature range from cryogenic to high-temperature applications. The age-hardenable alloy can be readily fabricated, even into complex parts. In addition, its welding characteristics, especially its resistance to post-weld cracking, are outstanding.

The ease and economy with which MET IN718 can be fabricated, combined with good tensile, fatigue, creep, and rupture strength, have resulted in its use in many applications. Examples are components for liquid-fueled rockets, rings, casings, various formed sheet metal parts for aircraft and land-based gas turbine engines, and cryogenic tankage. It is also used for fasteners and instrumentation parts.

### Powder characteristics

| Chemical composition <sup>1</sup> |           |           |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Element                           | Min [wt%] | Max [wt%] |
| Ni                                | 50,0      | 55,0      |
| Cr                                | 17,0      | 21,0      |
| Nb                                | 4,75      | 5,5       |
| Mo                                | 2,8       | 3,3       |
| Ti                                | 0,65      | 1,15      |
| Co                                |           | 1,0       |
| Al                                | 0,2       | 0,8       |
| Si                                |           | 0,35      |
| Mn                                |           | 0,35      |
| Others total                      |           | 0,5       |
| Fe                                | Balance   | Balance   |

| Powder characteristics                             |     |     |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Properties*                                        | Min | Max |
| Flow rate [s/50g] <sup>2</sup>                     |     | 11  |
| Apparent density [g/cm <sup>3</sup> ] <sup>3</sup> | 4,9 |     |

\*exemplary values for PSD 15 - 53 µm<sup>4</sup>

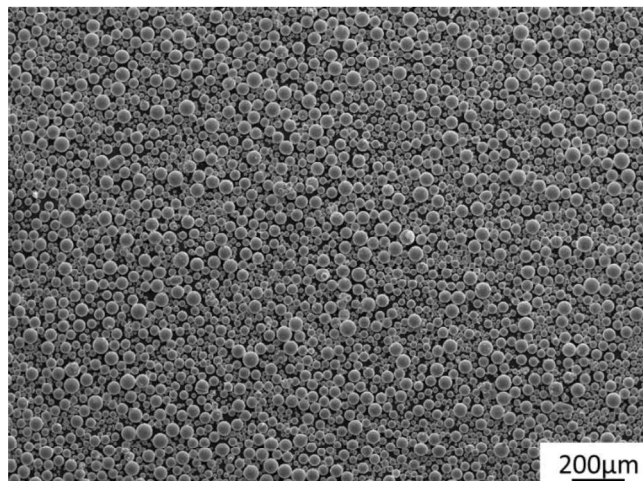
1 – values taken from the powder material

2 – according to ASTM B213

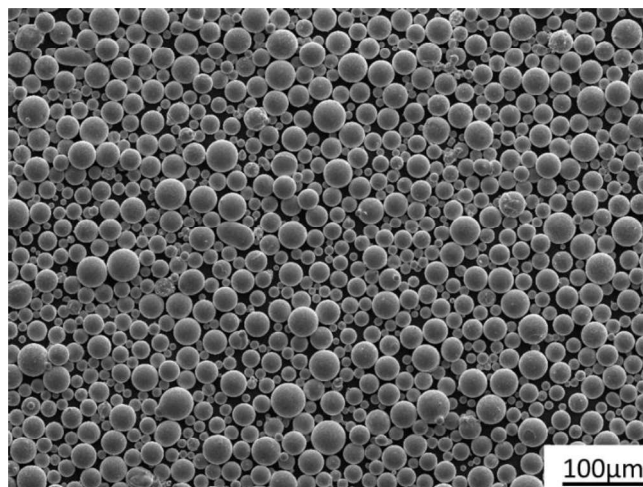
3 – according to ASTM B212

4 – according to ASTM B214

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Scanning electron microscopy image of IN718 powder (137x)



Scanning electron microscopy image of IN718 powder (300x)

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